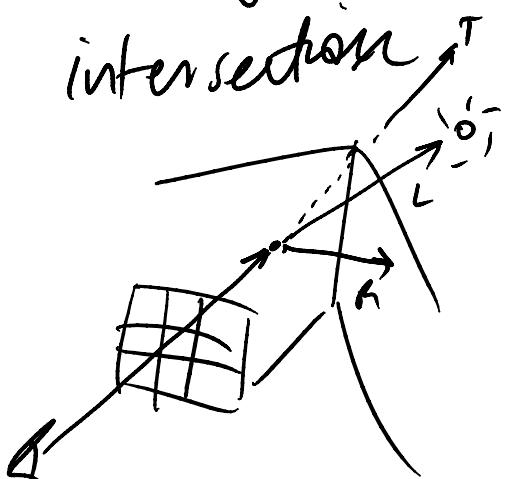


Basic ray tracer (ray caster)

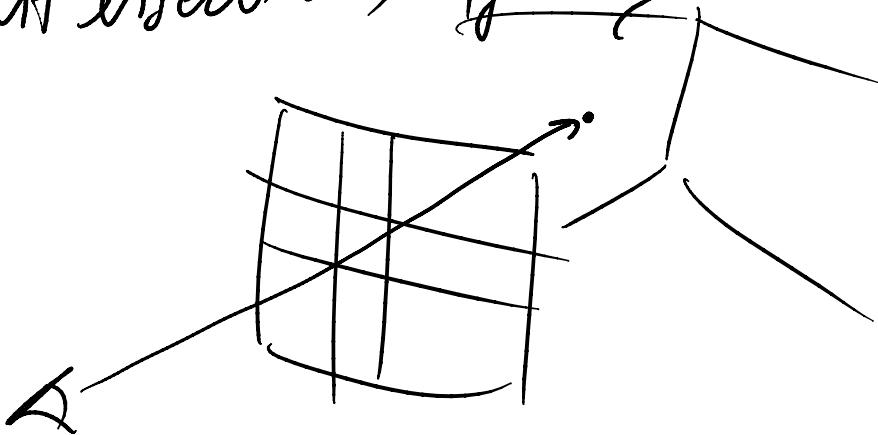
Monday, September 27, 2010
9:16 AM

rays spawned
at surface
intersection



Recursive

↑
casting one ray
(per pixel) into scene
& returning color (r, g, b)
at surface of ray/ds;
intersection, if any



Asg 3: all the code that you need
should now be available except
for the "driver" code in main.c

main:

1. open & parse (read) model.txt
as input via argv[1]
(don't forget to close input file)
2. print model file to stderr
3. output ppm image to stdout

fprintf(stderr, "P6 %d %d 255\n", w, h);

image header

PPM magic number
'P' '6'
(sic)

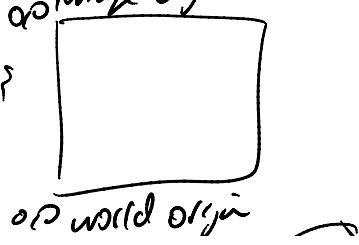
int w = model->cam->pixel_dim[0];
h = " " " [1];

int x, y; // pixel coords

for(y=0; y<h; y++) // Aug. 27 update
// image origin

for(y=h-1; y>=0; y--) {

for(x=0; x<w; x++) {



$$wx = (\text{double})x / \text{double}(-1 + \text{double}(ww)),$$

world width
from camera

$\text{cam} \rightarrow \text{world_dim}[\phi]$

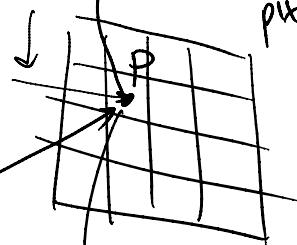
same for world height.

conversion of 640×480
image coords into world

coords — see Aug. 27

notes & Westall's notes

pixel cords
($0 \dots 640, 0 \dots 480$)
pixels



pos : camera position

$$\text{dir} = P - C$$

pos
 C
 P

vect vect vect

world cords
 $[0 \dots 8, 0 \dots 6]$ "foot"

$$\text{vec_diff}(\text{pos}, \text{pix}, \text{dir})$$

pos
 pix
 dir

$\text{vec_unit}(\text{dir}, \text{dir})$ // normalize dir.

Now we have pos, dir base, dir
for ray.

↓
they get sent
to object-find-closest()

drgbt color; // double color at
pixel

: rln + icolor; // unsigned char color

// zero out color at pixel (for output)
 $\text{color}[0] = 0.0; \text{color}[1] = 0.0; \text{color}[2] = 0.0;$
 $\text{ray_trace}(\text{model}, \text{pos}, \text{dir}, \text{color}, 0.0, \text{dist});$
 ray-trace fills this in
 ray distance

double color is in range $[0, 1]$
 need to scale up to $[0, 255]$
 object last hit by ray

$\text{pix_scale}(255.0, \text{color}, \text{color})$

// convert to irgb-t
 for ($i=0; i<3; i++$) $\underbrace{\text{icolor}[i]}_{\text{0xRRGGBB}}$ = $(\text{unsigned char}) \text{color}[i];$
 $\underbrace{8 \text{ bits}}_{24 \text{ bits}} \equiv 3 \text{ bytes}$

irgb-t's what we want to print for each pixel

$\text{fwrite}(\text{icolor}, \text{sizeof(irgb-t)}, 1, \text{stdout});$
 } // end for
 } // end for
 $\text{return}(0)$
}

one of these