

Thursday, August 31, 2006
11:07 AM

Point class contd.

What do we want point class to handle:

- easily take the average - math

- sort points

- remove duplicates

} access to point data

↓
done by STL

sorting:

```
#include <algorithm>
```

```
vector<Point* > pts;
```

```
sort(pts.begin(), pts.end(), pointAxisCompare());
```

semantics:

```
if (p1[0] < p2[0])
```

```
return true;
```

↑

true & false are C++ keywords

} a fancy function that compares two points
↑
if

what is this?

Our "fancy" C++ function is actually a class
with just one member method, namely
operator()

function object
or functor.

```
class PointAxisCompare {  
public:  
    bool operator()(Point p1, Point p2) {  
        return (p1[0] < p2[0]);  
    }  
}
```

```
using namespace std;  
int main() {  
    vector<double> Point::operator[](int i) {  
        return point[i];  
    }  
}
```

- in ass1:

- implement 2D point class so that you can compute
average, sort, & removal of duplicates
(+uiop.cpp)

← driver

- use point.h as starting plane

- you need to implement

operator >>, operator <<

Point (vector <double> v); } constructors,
Point (const Point & rhs); }
Point (Point & rhs); } operator =

pts.erase(unique(pts.begin(), pts.end()),
pts.end()),

another functor
that compares two points —

Semantically, it's like operator==

class PointDuplicate

{

public:

bool operator()(Point p1, Point p2)

return (p1.duplicate(p2));

}

you need to
write this member
function

$$dx = p1(0) - p2(0)$$

$$dy = p1(1) - p2(1)$$

$$dist = \sqrt{dx * dx + dy * dy};$$

$$if (dist < 0.01)$$

return true

else return false

$$\begin{aligned} dx &= p1[0] - p2[0] \\ dy &= p1[1] - p2[1] \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{pl. duplicate (p2)} \\ \text{this} \end{array} \right\}$$

bad point :: duplicate (const point & rhs)

{

$$\begin{aligned} \text{double } dx &= (\text{* this})[0] - \text{rhs}[0]; \\ \text{double } dy &= (\text{* this})[1] - \text{rhs}[1]; \end{aligned}$$

⋮
-

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>

using namespace std; // bad habit

int main(---)
{
    Point* p;
    vector<Point* > pts;
    vector<Point* >::iterator pp;
    while (std::cin >> (pt = new Point(0,0,0.0)))
        pts.push_back(pt);
}
```

operator>>(istream s, Point* p) ?
s >> *p;

operator>>(s, Point p)
s >> p(0); s >> p(1)

Dr. D's
// bad habit

constructor Point(double, double)
allocates mem
just like malloc

operator>>

Point*

Need to calculate average:

Several ways to do this:

1. use iterators: `vector<Point> pts;`

`Point mean(0.0, 0.0);`

`for (pp = pts.begin(); pp != pts.end(); ++pp)`

`mean += *pp;`

`mean /= (float) pts.size();`

`Point operator+ (Point &rhs)`

`{`
`(*this)[0] += (*rhs)[0];`

`(*this)[1] += (*rhs)[1];`
`}`

Basic approach:

lets say given array of float,

`float val[10];`

`float sum = 0.0;`

`for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)`

`sum += val[i];`

`sum = sum / (float) 10;`

`for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i)`

`(*this)[i] += (*rhs)[i];`

2. use random access on vector<Point> pts:

```
for (int k=0, k < (int) pts.size(); ++k)
```

```
    mean += pts[k],
```

```
    mean /= (float) pts.size();
```

```
Point::operator=(float f)
```

```
{  
    (*this)[0] = f;
```

```
    (*this)[1] = f;
```

```
}
```


- Set of ass1 - most of the C++ stuff is in text:
Chp. 1.4-1.8, 1.6.4 (C++ classes, C++ details)
Chp 3.3 (vector & list in the STL)

Chp 1.4: C++ class

- / member
- member functions
- ✓ constructor

accessor

mutator — operator()

interface + implementation → Make files

scope op ::

vector & string (STL)

Chp. 1.5:

pointers

parameter passing

the by: 3

Chp. 1.6: 4 functions

Chp 3.3 vector:

size(), push_back()

separation of interface + implementation
point.h point.cpp

Makefile

step 1: compile (.cpp → .o)

step 2: link (assembly of all .o files)

Makefile.trial:

step 1:

obj.o:

g++ -c *.c -o obj.o

step 2:

g++ -o trial.o \$(OBJ) \$(LDLIBS)