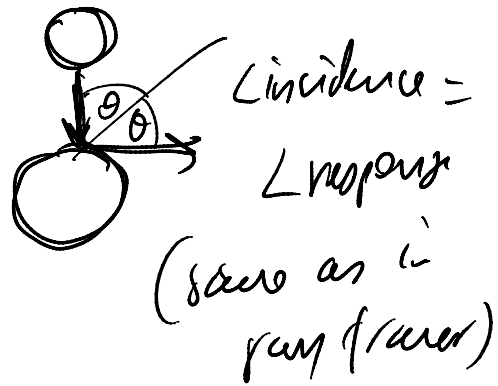
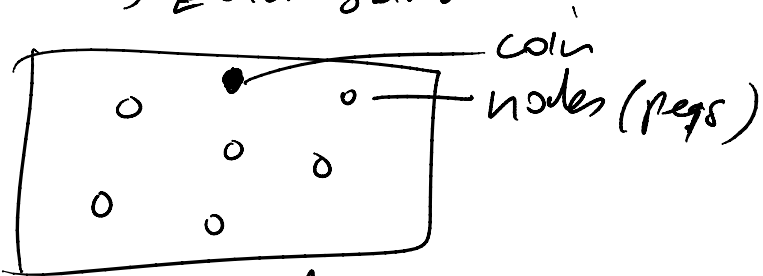


# Random notes on "Pachinko game"

- "game engine" run in Qt idle function
- game engine: simple particle system,

⇒ Euler solver

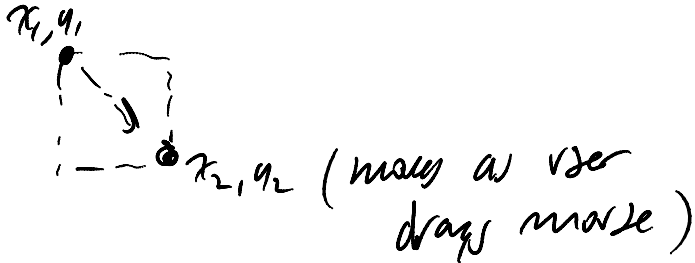
- idea:  
coin drops  
down ⇒  
bounces off pegs — each bounce:



we need that incoming ray  
is new velocity of coin  
( $x, y, z$ )

- Drawing the range box: done in 2 steps

step 1: right button press indicates  
start point



step 2: right mouse button release  
'fires' bounding (range) box  
coordinates  $(x_2, y_2)$

step 1.5 "intermediate" happens in  
MouseMoveEvent — range box  
get continuously redrawn  
(animated)

to get this to work, your GL area  
(GLTexobj) has to have its  
mouse tracking state set true

in GLContextWindow constructor:

(parent of GLTexpobj; ? other widgets)  
create the GLTexpobj:

GLTexpobj \* texwin = new GLTexpobj (trj, "glarea");

texwin → setMouseTracking (true);

↑  
parent

These are GLUT methods::

- in mousePressEvent (MouseEvent \* e) member function  
// x, y mapping  
// ...

// start drawing range grey box

if (e->button() & RightButton) ?

{  
drawingBox = true; // flag for animation  
x1 = x; y1 = y;  
x2 = x; y2 = y;  
} both start & end points (corners of box) set to same coord,  
defined in i;

(data members of GLWidget;  
defined in glwidget.h

updateGL()

- in mouseMoveEvent (MouseEvent \* e)

// same x, y mapping

// update current bounding (range) box end point

x2 = x

y2 = y

updateGL(); // signal redraw event

(recall: don't call paintGL() directly)

- in mouseReleaseEvent (---)

// same x, y mapping

... ..

if (c → bottom() & RightBottom) {

drawBox = false;

xL = x; yL = y;

Point min, max;

min[0] = x1 < x2 ? x1 : x2;

min[1] = y1 < y2 ? y1 : y2;

(Same for max[0], max[1] but with >

kdTree.range(---)

}  
vdetect();

- in part 6C :

// draw range box

glColor4f ( 1.0, 1.0, 0, 1.0 ) // red, green = yellow

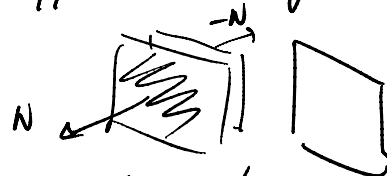
glPolygonMode ( GL\_FRONT\_AND\_BACK, GL\_LINES )

if ( drawing box )

glRectd ( x1, y1, x2, y2 )

glPolygonMode ( GL\_FRONT\_AND\_BACK, GL\_FILL )

normally, GL considers polygons to be filled



here, do just want an outline.

// draw resulting range points

glColor4f ( 0, 0, 1, 1 )

for ( int i = 0; i < (int) range.size(); i++ )

{ glBegin ( GL\_QUADS )

glVertex2f ( (\*range[i])[0]-5.0, -(i)-5.0 )

" " [0]+5.0, -(i)-5.0 )

" " [0]+5.0, ... (i)+5.0 )

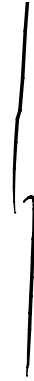
" " [0]-5.0, ... (i)+5.0 )

glEnd ()

same code as for drawing kd tree points — range points should be drawn after kd tree so that

range prints, if any, will be drawn  
atop left re prints

SwappBuffer();



- Note that there are several things happening in each of the functions

paintGL():

- tries to draw things  
(kd tree point, range gun box, na gun point, kuu gun point, if any)
- implicitly checks to see if we have things to be drawn  
(kd tree could be empty, then might not be any range point, spot)

mousePressEvent } these handle na,  
mouseReleaseEvent } kuu, range,  
depending on mouse  
button & "modifier"  
(CTRL key)



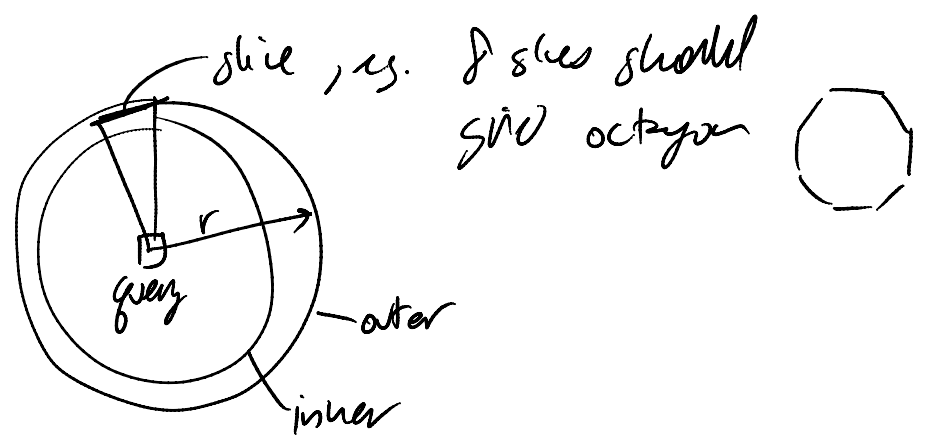
- one other tidbit: drawing circle to indicate radius around query point (for us, km)
- done with a GPU quadric

GL Utilities

#include <GL/glu.h>

```

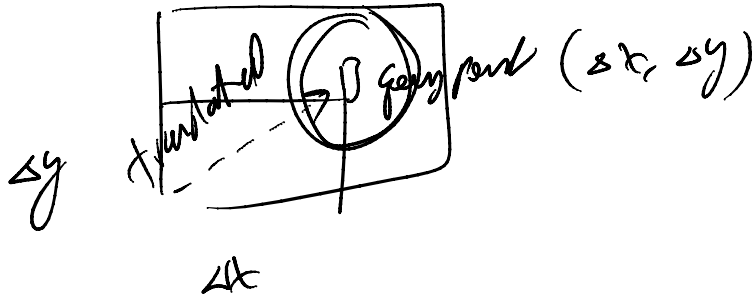
GLUquadric * qobj; * qobj = gluNewQuadric();
glColor4f(1, 1, 0, 1)
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef((*query)[0], (*query)[1], 0.0);
gluDisk(qobj, innerRadius, outerRadius, 360, 1)
glPopMatrix()
    
```



- what's the problem, perspective, distortion?
- normally, the qobj would get drawn at origin



- want to translate circle to the reference frame of the grey point (as if grey point became origin)



- but glTransform(xoff, yoff, z), would affect translation of everything being drawn, shifting by

$xoff, yoff$   
 so the push + pop matrix call, instead shifting to just translate object

- other important functions:

initialize GL (?)

} glClearColor(0, 0, 0, 0) — set background color

resizeGL(int w, int h) ?

glViewport(0, 0, w, h)

glMatrixMode(GL\_PROJECTION)

glLoadIdentity()

gluOrtho2D(-w, w, -h, h)

↳ this is why my mapping puts (0,0) at center — if I had (0,0) at bottom left, this call should be

gluOrtho2D(0, w, 0, h)

glMatrixMode(GL\_MODELVIEW)

glLoadIdentity();

}

- These set up world-to-screen coordinate transform

