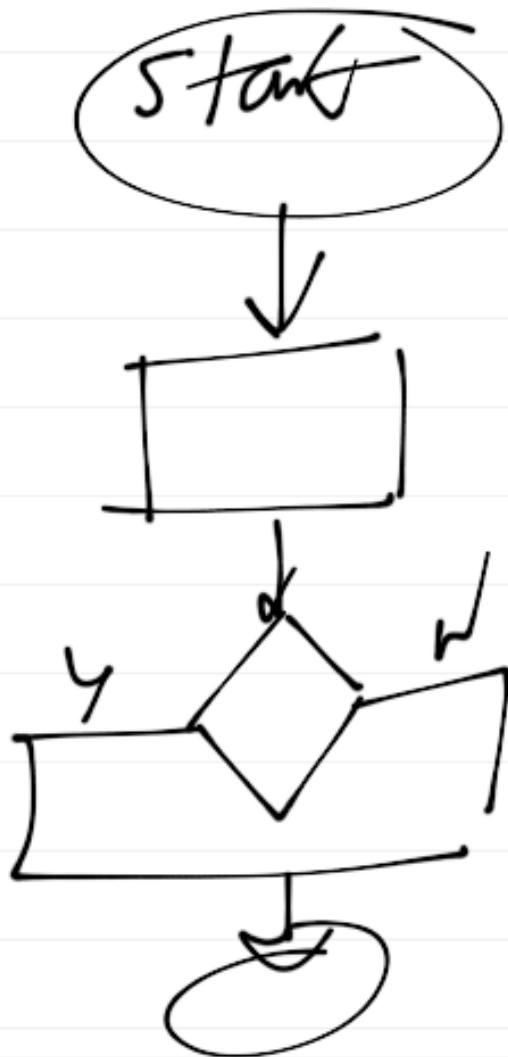


Procedural / Functional programming :

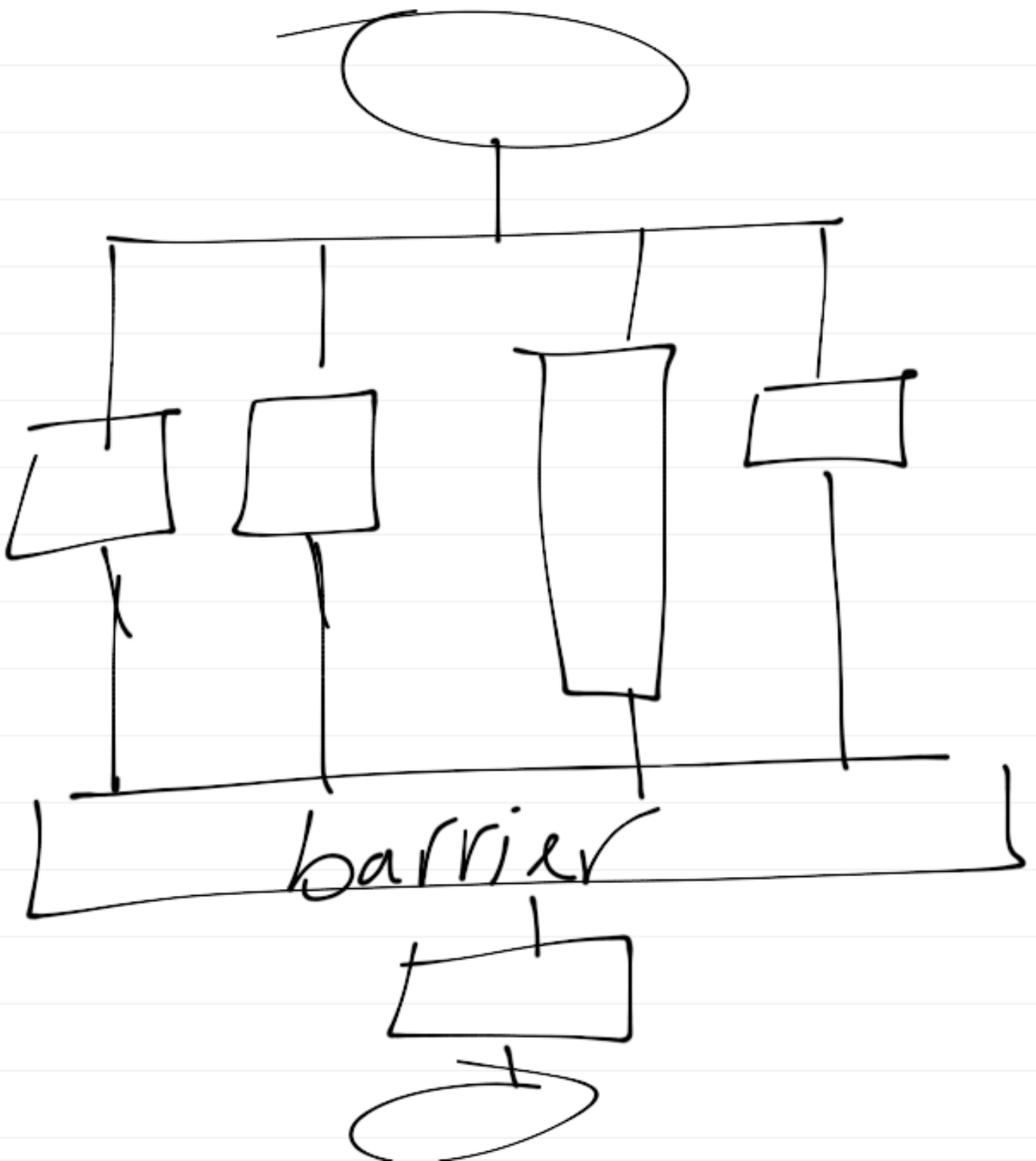
- "regular" flow of control

- main() :



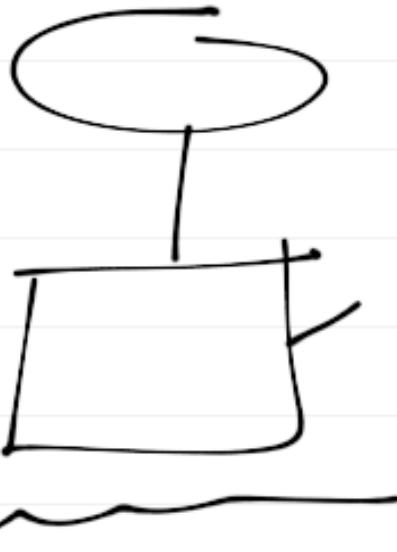
# Concurrent programming (OpenMP)

multi-threads

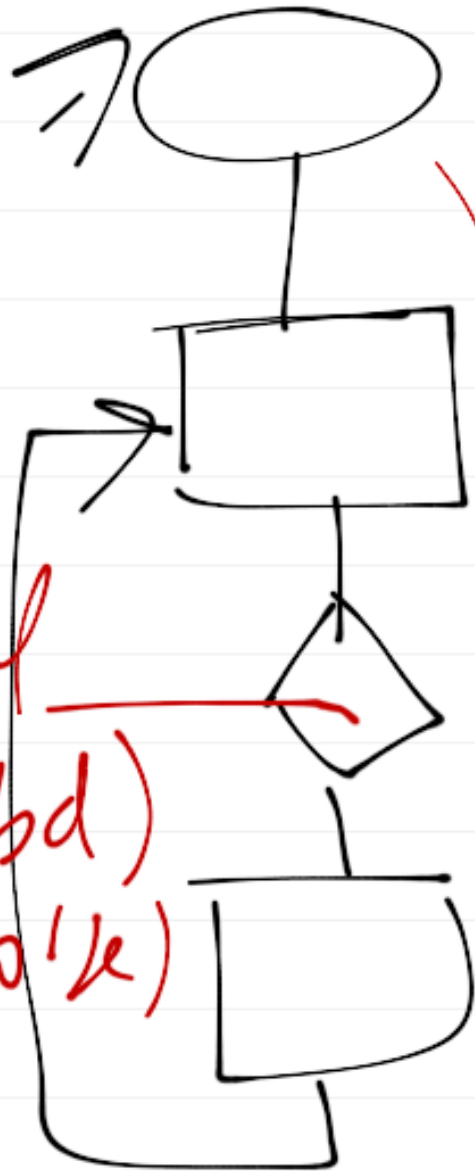


# - event-driven programming (GUI)

your  
code

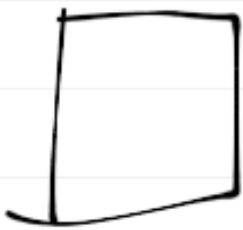


GUI



store up signals for events

signal  
(kbd)  
(mouse)



slots

event handlers

Qt: all in C++

- signals:

issued when

events occur

(mouse moves, button  
pressed, etc.)

- slots:

public member fns

that process events

(event handlers or  
callbacks)

- the jing-texture side:



drawable  
 (OpenGL widget)  
 accept OpenGL  
 commands

everything  
 happens here

- OpenGL:

graphics library

- Think of GL as a  
state machine

e.g. `glColor4f(1, 0, 0, 1)`

RGB

sets color to red,

fully opaque

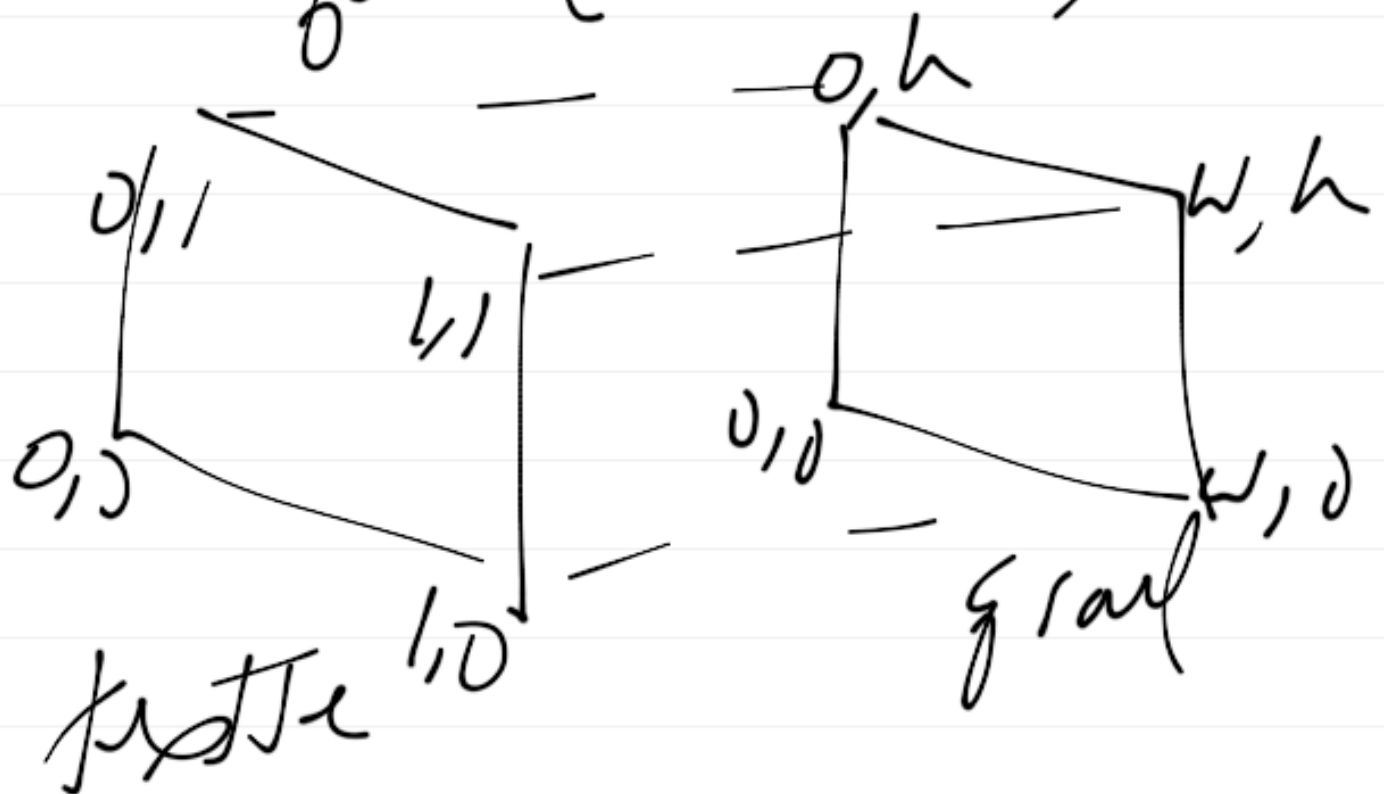
alpha  
(transp.)

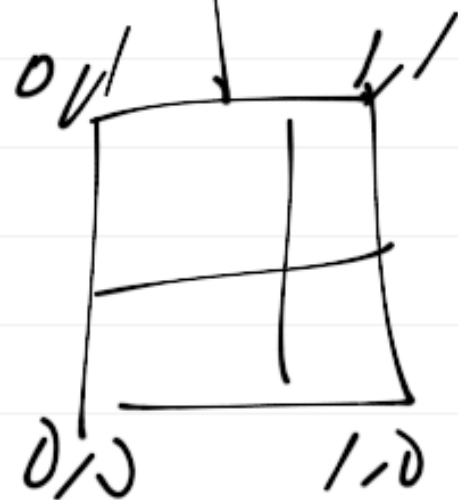
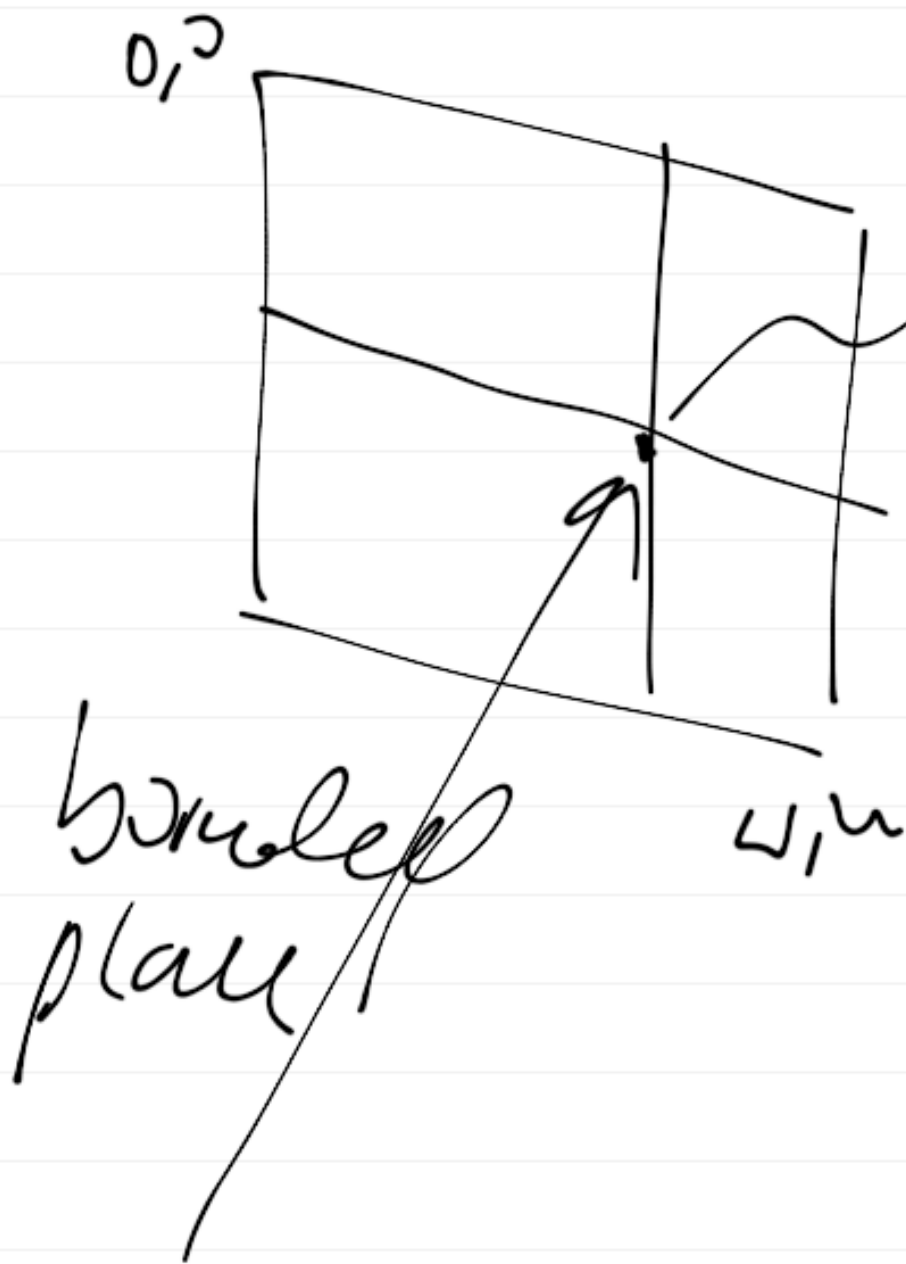
- img-texture:

- maps texture (image pixels) to geometry



We use a quad (quilateral)







- Qt photon visualizer:

- glTexObj; needs  
to maintain (private  
data member) a

`std::vector< photon_t * >`  
`photons;`

- glTexObj; needs to  
read in 'photons.ptf'

- glEnd();

- in paintGL():

- loop thru photons

std::vector &

glBegin(GL\_POINTS);

for(i=0; i < photons.size();  
i++)

glVertex3f(  
(x photons[i])[0],  
(x photons[i])[1],  
(x photons[i])[2]);

glEnd();

- ahead of point rendering,

set up camera view:

```
glMatrixMode (GL_MODELVIEW);
```

```
glLoadIdentity();
```

```
gluLookAt ( posx, posy, posz,
```

```
    eyex, eyey, eyez,
```

```
    0, 1, 0)
```

(all in float64)

in size GL (int w, int h):

glViewport(0, 0, w, h)

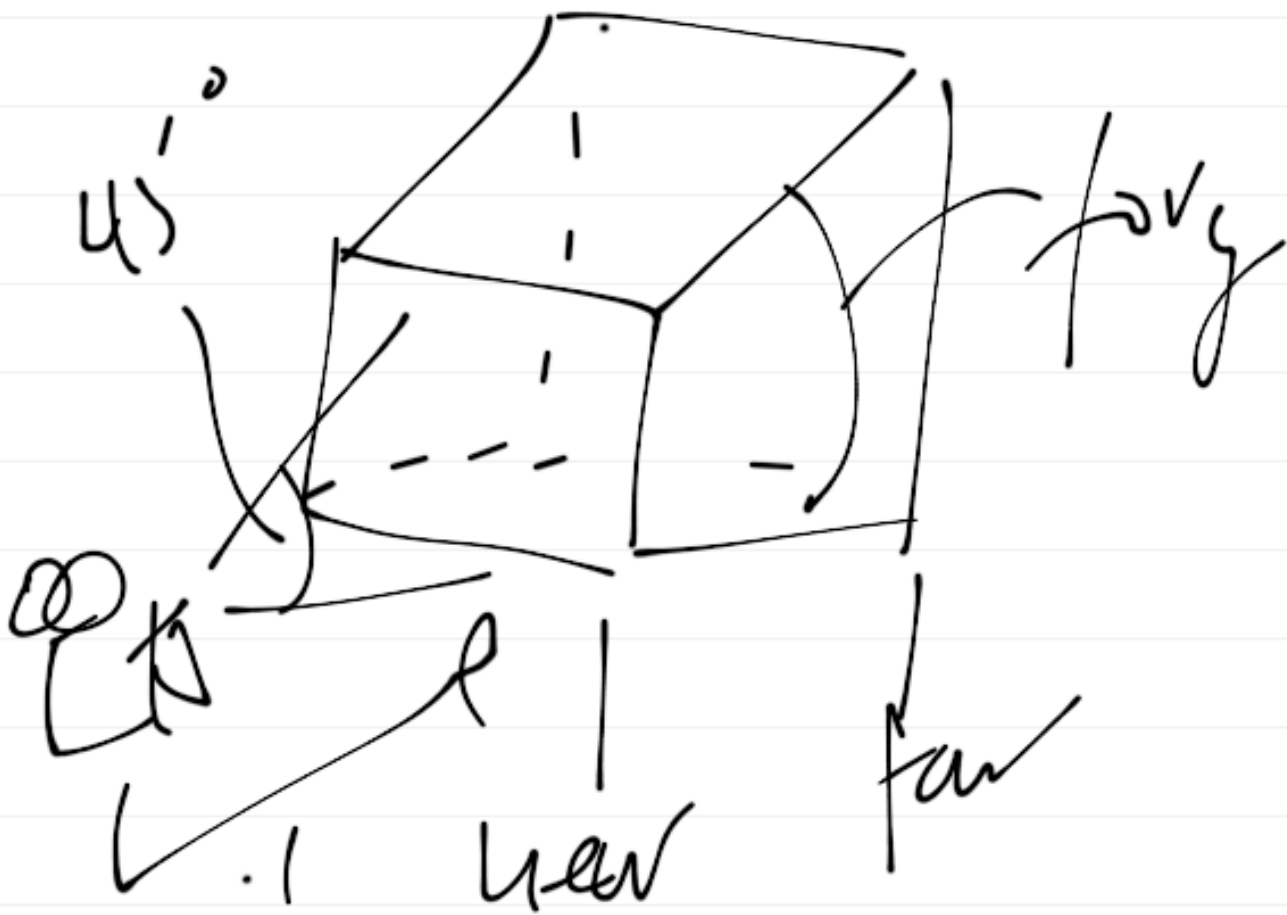
glMatrixMode(GL\_PROJECTION)

glLoadIdentity()

gluPerspective(fov, 

aspect,  $(\frac{h}{w})$ )

.1 ← near,  
100 ← far);



View frustum